

CYBER SECURITY

Be Cyber Secure: Protect Your Home Network

Tips to protect yourself, and how to respond if you think you have been targeted.



Wireless networks — and the other technologies that make up the Internet of Things (IoT), like voice assistants, smart appliances and other connected devices, including phones — are turning most homes into digital hubs. While these devices can increase productivity and convenience, they can also carry risks, leaving your home network susceptible to cyber threats. You can help protect your home network and devices by following these best practices:

How to Protect Yourself

Be proactive:

- **Strengthen your home network.** Change your router's default password and your network name, and avoid using names, addresses or other things that are easy to identify.
- **Use the highest security settings** on your router and turn on encryption to make it hard for cyber criminals to get access.
- **Update all operating systems, apps and security software** — including antivirus programs and firewalls. Regularly reboot your devices to remove potentially harmful files or programs.
- **Turn off your network** when you're away for an extended period of time.
- **Do not reply to emails or texts from unknown senders** — they may be phishing attempts.
- **Avoid websites that aren't secure** and don't download files or apps from unfamiliar sites.

If you suspect you've been targeted:

- **Don't delay.** Act quickly if you think you are the target of an identity theft or a phishing scam.
- **Call your bank** and freeze financial accounts that may be affected and inform credit bureaus.
- **Change all passwords** that attackers may have stolen.
- **File reports with the relevant local law enforcement** if your device or information has been stolen.
- **Document everything** about the event. The more information you have, the better armed you will be to assist an investigation by your company, your bank and law enforcement officials, and the better prepared you will be against future events.

The Growing Threat, Measured

75BN

Number of IoT devices expected to be connected by 2025.¹

45,330

Victims of personal data breaches reported to the FBI in 2020.²

\$194MM

Losses attributed to personal data breaches in 2020.²

¹ Security Today, The IoT Rundown, 2020.

² FBI, IC3 Report, 2020.

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Why It's Important

The more computers, phones, wearable and smart devices that are connected to your home network, the more possible ways cyber criminals can gain access to your confidential data.

Default router settings are often easy to obtain, and cyber criminals will exploit this to gain access to your network. Once on your network, they can gain access to other accounts and information.

With your passwords and access to your social and financial accounts, cyber criminals can:

- **Transfer funds** out of your accounts or charge purchases to them.
- **Steal your identity** and claim your tax refund or government benefits.
- **Create a fake identity** with some of your information and use it to open a new credit card or apply for a loan.
- **Phish** using your email address or social media accounts to reach out to your contacts and convince them to share confidential information.

Global Information Security at Bank of America

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